
Health Care Transition from Pediatric to Adult Health Care: National and State Tables from the 2016/2017 National Survey of Children's Health

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Table 1. Health Care Transition Performance by Sociodemographic, Health Condition and Risk, And Health System Factors for Youth With and Without Special Health Care Who Received Services Necessary to Make Transitions To Adult Care

National Data, 2016 & 2017 Combined

	YSHCN	Non-YSHCN
Overall U.S.	16.7%	13.9%
Sociodemographic Factors		
Sex of child		
Male	14.7%	14.2%
Female	19.1%	13.5%
Race/Ethnicity		
Hispanic	12.6%	12.6%
White, non-Hispanic	17.4%	14.8%
Black, non-Hispanic	17.1%	13.5%
Other, non-Hispanic	21.1%	13.1%
Primary language in household		
English	17.3%	14.1%
Other than English	9.2%	12.6%
Household income level		
0-99% FPL	17.7%	13.9%
100-199% FPL	13.4%	12.9%
200-399% FPL	17.2%	12.0%
400% FPL or higher	17.9%	16.0%
Highest education of adult in household		
Less than high school education	13.4%	16.4%
High school graduate or GED	17.8%	12.5%
Some college or technical school	15.0%	13.5%
College degree or higher	17.7%	13.9%
Health Condition and Risk Factors		
Complexity of special health care needs		
YSHCN with more complex care needs	15.1%	N/A
YSHCN with less complex care needs	20.3%	N/A
Emotional, behavioral, or developmental issues		
YSHCN qualifying on mental health criteria	15.4%	N/A
YSHCN NOT qualifying on mental health criteria	17.9%	N/A
Adverse childhood experiences		
No adverse childhood experiences	17.3%	13.2%
One adverse childhood experience	16.3%	14.1%
Two or more adverse childhood experiences	16.5%	14.7%
Health System Factors		
Medical Home		
Care met all medical home criteria	18.6%	15.8%
Care did not meet medical home criteria	15.2%	12.0%
Adequacy of health insurance		
Health insurance is adequate for youth's health needs	17.9%	14.5%
Health insurance is not adequate for youth's health needs	14.4%	12.6%
Type of health insurance		
Public insurance only	14.2%	15.1%
Private insurance only	18.2%	14.1%
Public and private insurance	16.0%	11.6%
Uninsured	15.7%	6.6%

Please interpret with caution: estimate has a 95% confidence interval width exceeding 20 percentage points of the estimate and may not be reliable.


Data obtained by Got Transition from <http://www.childhealthdata.org/browse/survey>

Table 2. Health Care Transition Performance for Youth With and Without Special Health Care Who Received Services Necessary to Make Transitions to Adult Care

National, Region, and State Data, 2016 & 2017 Combined

	YSHCN	Non-YSHCN
Overall U.S.	16.7%	13.9%
Region I	17.9%	20.5%
Connecticut	14.1%	18.4%
Maine	28.0%	30.4%
Massachusetts	17.9%	19.7%
New Hampshire	19.6%	23.6%
Rhode Island	15.1%	15.9%
Vermont	20.4%	24.5%
Region II	13.7%	12.6%
New Jersey	13.8%	8.7%
New York	13.7%	14.5%
Region III	19.5%	14.4%
Delaware	16.9%	9.8%
District of Columbia	15.0%	21.4%
Maryland	16.2%	18.2%
Pennsylvania	15.8%	16.3%
Virginia	28.1%	9.2%
West Virginia	14.5%	18.5%
Region IV	13.9%	11.8%
Alabama	12.9%	12.9%
Florida	5.9%	6.3%
Georgia	14.0%	13.2%
Kentucky	19.0%	13.3%
Mississippi	25.1%	15.2%
North Carolina	22.4%	17.8%
South Carolina	18.0%	10.8%
Tennessee	14.4%	13.6%

	YSHCN	Non-YSHCN
Region V	17.5%	14.8%
Illinois	21.0%	15.4%
Indiana	14.8%	13.3%
Michigan	16.0%	15.2%
Minnesota	23.3%	18.6%
Ohio	13.6%	11.5%
Wisconsin	19.1%	16.9%
Region VI	12.2%	13.9%
Arkansas	21.2%	10.9%
Louisiana	16.9%	11.7%
New Mexico	22.1%	12.6%
Oklahoma	16.4%	14.2%
Texas	8.5%	14.5%
Region VII	21.7%	18.9%
Iowa	23.1%	21.9%
Kansas	16.1%	19.6%
Missouri	21.6%	16.0%
Nebraska	27.5%	21.8%
Region VIII	21.0%	14.8%
Colorado	20.5%	16.1%
Montana	22.7%	19.1%
North Dakota	21.4%	23.4%
South Dakota	31.2%	15.5%
Utah	19.3%	10.2%
Wyoming	16.5%	14.9%
Region IX	17.4%	12.1%
Arizona	25.3%	10.0%
California	16.4%	12.6%
Hawaii	21.9%	13.9%
Nevada	8.1%	10.4%
Region X	28.9%	16.1%
Alaska	22.8%	17.4%
Idaho	19.2%	11.5%
Oregon	16.5%	19.7%
Washington	38.7%	15.2%

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